CHAPTER 6: NUISANCES

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# 6.01 ADOPTION OF STATE LAWS

Minnesota Statute 609.74 PUBLIC NUISANCE is hereby adopted, to include any amendments or replacements thereof.

# 6.02 VIOLATION PENALTIES

Any violation of any section of this chapter shall be punishable as a misdemeanor under Minnesota Statute 609.02, Subdivision 3, or any laws amending or replacing such statute. However, in the discretion of the City, any such violation may be certified as a petty misdemeanor.

# 6.03 DEFINITIONS

1. Abatement: lessen, reduce, or remove.
2. Mail: Service by mail shall mean depositing the item with the U.S. Postal Service addressed to the intended recipient at their last known address with First Class postage prepaid thereon.

1. Outdoor Gatherings: Any public or private event, attraction, festival or show which is in one area.
2. Owner: Those shown as owner or owners on the records of the Sibley County Recorder.

1. Personal Service: Service by personally handing a copy to the intended recipient or by leaving a copy at the intended recipient's residence or place of business with a person of suitable age and discretion.
2. Public Nuisance: Maintaining or permitting a condition that unreasonable annoys, injuries, or endangers the safety, health, morals, or repose of any considerable number of members of public. The following acts are declared a public nuisance:
   1. Engaging in any business or activity which is dangerous, hurtful, unwholesome, offensive, or unhealthy to the neighborhood, or which constitutes an annoyance to the persons in the neighborhood or is detrimental to the property in the neighborhood.
   2. Permitting, suffering, or maintaining, or failing to remove any offensive, nauseous, hurtful, dangerous, unhealthy condition resulting from a failure to properly dispose of garbage, sewage, waste, debris or any other unwholesome or offensive substance, liquid, or thing, upon one's premises, or dropping, discharging, passing, depositing, or otherwise delivering the same upon the premises of another or public property.
3. Responsible Party: Any one or more of the following: Agent, assignee or collector of rents for owner; holder of a contract for deed; a mortgagee or buyer in possession; receiver, executor or trustee for owner; lessee; or other person or entity exercising apparent control over a property.

6.04 NOISE NUISANCES

1. Any person who keeps or harbors a pet or other animal on his property, in the case where the pet or animal is of such a nature or disposition or is kept in such confinement or condition that the animal disrupts the peace of the neighboring property owners by emitting barking or other noises at late night hours, shall be considered as maintaining a public nuisance. Late night hours for purpose of this section shall be defined as any time after 11:00 p.m. It shall also be a violation of this ordinance if any person keeps or harbors a pet or other animal who emits barking or other noises at any time of the day or night in a continuous or persistent manner. The phrase “continuous or persistent manner” for purpose of this section shall be defined as any barking or loud noises created by the pet continuously for a period of 10 minutes or more, or on an average of more than once each hour.

1. Any person who causes or allows loud music or other disturbing noises to originate from his property in an unreasonable manner or at unreasonable hours which would tend to alarm or disturb the peace and tranquility of his neighbors shall be guilty of creating or maintaining a public nuisance. Noise or music sources located on the yard or other portions of the property outside the structures of a person’s property after the hour of 12:00 a.m. midnight shall be considered prima facie a public nuisance. This provision shall also apply to any noise or music sources located in a motor vehicle whether on private or public property. It shall be considered prima facie a public nuisance if music, muffler emission or engine noises or any other noise emitted from a motor vehicle can be clearly heard from a distance of more than 50 feet from the vehicle. The driver of any offending motor vehicle, or it no driver is present, the owner of said vehicle, shall be considered the party violating this ordinance.

1. This ordinance shall not apply to activities, events or celebrations specifically authorized by the City Council, including but not limited to community celebrations and parades, the Sibley County Fair, auto racing held at the Sibley County Fairgrounds, or athletic events held in city parks or on school grounds. Instead, the City Council shall establish specific rules for any such events, as the City Council deems appropriate, balancing the interest of public health and safety with the reasonable needs of such events. The specific rules to be set by the City for such events shall include but not be limited to allowed levels of noise, crowd control, parking and traffic flow rules, and event activity closing time and crowd evacuation time.

# 6.05 OUTDOOR GATHERINGS

1. It is unlawful for any persons to congregate on any private property to participate in any party or gathering of people unless the owner of said private property is present or unless said owner has given written permission for such gathering, and such written permission is in the possession of one or more persons participating at the gathering. In the absence of the property owner, failure to display written permission as described herein upon request of a police officer shall be considered prima facie evidence of a violation of this Ordinance.

1. It shall be unlawful for persons to participate in any gathering on any city street, sidewalk or parking lot, which impedes the flow of traffic, or which disturbs the peace, quiet, or repose of other persons. City parking lots are to be used for the parking of motor vehicles only, and not for social gatherings, except by specific written permission of the City Council in conjunction with community social activities and celebrations. A gathering of more than 5 persons for a consecutive time of more than 15 minutes in any City parking lot shall be considered prima facie evidence of a violation of this Ordinance.

# 6.06 FIRES

This Section does not apply to the City of Arlington brush and yard waste dump site, where occasional controlled burns of accumulated brush may take place by City Staff.

1. Indoor Fires. Indoor fires mean any fires created within a fully enclosed structure. Indoor fires shall be allowed only in properly built and safe, UL approved furnaces and fireplaces, and shall be created only for the purpose of heating and food preparation. Only natural gas, propane, fuel oil, coal, or wood products may be used to fuel said fires. The furnace or fireplace system shall be provided with proper vents or chimney and shall be properly maintained so as to function in a safe condition, and to prevent ash, smoke, and noxious odors from drifting onto neighboring property.

1. Outdoor Fires. Outdoor fires are any fires created outside of a fully enclosed structure. No outdoor fires shall be allowed on open ground. Outdoor fires shall be created only in an outdoor fireplace, barbecue equipment or concrete-lined fire pit, sufficient to provide physical limitation to the spread of the fire. Outdoor fires are strictly prohibited except for recreational purposes. Recreational purposes shall include only the cooking of food or the providing of heat and light for outdoor social gatherings. Only propane, charcoal bricks, or wood products may be used to fuel outdoor fires. The outdoor fire shall be maintained and controlled in such a manner as to avoid smoke, ash, and obnoxious odors from drifting onto neighboring property. Outdoor fires shall be supervised at all times by at least one adult person, who will be responsible to properly maintain the fire, safeguard it from spreading, and safeguard it from children and animals. No objects other than the fuel materials approved in this ordinance shall be placed in such outdoor fires. No highly flammable liquids such as gasoline or kerosene shall be used on such fires or stored near such files. Outdoor fires hall be created or maintained at a distance of at least 15 feet from all structures and property lines.

1. Under no circumstances shall any garbage, lawn waste, or other objects be placed in any indoor or outdoor fire in the City of Arlington, except for the approved fuels noted in this ordinance.

# 6.07 REFUSE CONTROL AND REMOVAL

1. Refuse Definition. Refuse includes, but is not limited to, household waste, discarded paper and cardboard, garbage, material resulting from the handling, processing, and consumption of food, vegetable or animal matter, offal, animal excrement, plant waste such as tree trimmings or grass cuttings, ashes, incinerator residue, street sweepings, construction debris, detached vehicle parts, furniture other than furniture designed as lawn furniture, appliances, inoperable equipment, and any other items or materials which are unsightly, attractive to insects or vermin, produce a noxious odor or are otherwise considered offensive by a reasonable person.

1. Refuse Control and Removal: All refuse shall be kept or stored inside an enclosed building or appropriate garbage disposal containers and shall be removed from the premises to a proper garbage disposal facility or recycling collection center on a regular basis, which is defined as no less often than every 14 business days.

1. Nuisances: Owners and/or responsible parties shall be considered as maintaining a nuisance if they are in violation of any of the rules of this ordinance, to include the following:

* 1. It shall be considered a nuisance to collect, store or allow refuse contrary to this ordinance.

* 1. During construction or repair of property within the city limits, building materials shall be stacked or stored in a neat and orderly fashion, and in a manner so as to avoid presenting any danger to the general public. Refuse building materials shall be neatly piled or stored in garbage disposal containers. All building materials and refuse shall be cleared from the construction project no later than 14 business days after completion of the construction or repair.

* 1. Hazardous Waste, as defined by Minnesota law, shall at all times be properly handled, stored and promptly removed by a properly trained and equipped person or entity, as soon as possible after said hazardous waste is detected by any person or entity. No hazardous waste is to be created or transported into city limits except in conformity with all federal, state and local laws, regulations and permits.

6.08 OUTDOOR PARKING AND STORAGE

1. Purpose. The purpose of this Subdivision is to allow exterior storage of certain items in certain zoning districts in a manner that is not a danger to the public's health, safety, or welfare and that does not negatively impact adjacent property values or constitute a public nuisance.
2. Exemption. Outdoor Storage in U-R Urban Reserve District is exempt from this Section.
3. General Provisions. The following provisions apply to all zoning districts:
   1. No motor vehicles designed to operate on public highways which arc unlicensed or in a condition prohibiting normal operation due 10 mechanical failure, defect, lack of required parts such as tires, or apparent damage from collision shall be stored on private property unless such vehicles are kept in a fully enclosed structure or fully enclosed manufactured licensed trailer, so that no part of the vehicle can be viewed by the public. Licensed Off-Road Vehicles, All-Terrain Vehicles and Off-Highway Motorcycles shall not be parked on a street or on private property for more than 48 concurrent hours within a 7-day week time period, unless such vehicles are kept in a fully enclosed manufactured licensed trailer, so that the public can view no part of the vehicle. Car parts, accessories, tools, and other items used to work on, repair, or otherwise used for said vehicles shall also be subject to the above conditions. Snowmobiles shall not be parked in front yard of any residential property for more than 48 concurrent hours within a 7-day week time period. No vehicles may be parked or stored on private property which are advertised for sale or rent, except not exceeding four total items, provided they are stored in a manner as approved under this Code.
      1. The off-street parking of one (l) boat in a manner approved under City Code. Boats stored outdoors during non-boating season shall be effectively screened from adjacent property lines as viewed from a public street or alley. "Effectively Screened" shall mean eighty percent (80%) of what is stored is not visible from an adjacent property line or as viewed from a public street or alley.
      2. The off-street parking of one (1) licensed and operable camper (camping trailer, truck camper, fifth wheel) or recreational vehicle (motor home, travel trailer) in a manner approved under City Code. A camper parked outdoors during the winter months shall be effectively screened from adjacent property lines as viewed from a public street or alley. "Effectively Screened" shall mean eighty percent (80%) of what is stored is not visible from an adjacent property line or as viewed from a public street or alley.
      3. The parking of one (l) licensed and operable commercial vehicle with a gross weight rating of less than 10,000 pounds in a manner approved under City Code. An additional commercial vehicle may be stored on a residential property provided an interim use permit is issued.
      4. The parking of one (l) licensed and operable trailer in a manner approved under City Code. An additional trailer may be stored on a residential property provided an interim use permit is issued. Horse and stock trailers are prohibited from being stored outdoors in a residential zoning district.
   2. Outdoor storage area standards. The following standards apply to all outdoor storage areas in residential districts.

1. Outdoor parking/storage areas in front yards and street-side corner yards shall be completely surfaced with an all-weather dustless material such as asphalt, concrete, pavers, bricks, or other equivalent material. Compacted gravel and/or rock is not a suitable surface. Existing outdoor parking/storage areas in front yards and street-side corner yards shall be brought up to all-weather, dustless surfacing standards upon receipt of a zoning application to improve, enlarge, and/or expand said parking or storage areas.
2. The aggregate area of a front yard or street-side corner yard used for any combination of driveway, sidewalk, parking, and/or storage shall not exceed the following:
3. Parcels with a total lot area of 5,999 square feet or less fifty (50) percent of the front yard.
   1. Temporary storage (i.e. 90 days or less) of materials and equipment currently being used for landscaping or construction on the premises.
   2. Merchandise on temporary display (i.e. 90 days or less) for sale.
   3. Outdoor dining.
   4. Outdoor sidewalk sales/signs.
4. Industrial Zoning Districts. The following standards apply to outdoor storage in all industrial zoning districts.
   1. Outdoor storage/display. Outdoor storage/display shall be governed by the respective zoning district in which such use is located.
   2. Outdoor storage requires the issuance of an interim use permit.
   3. All outdoor storage shall be located in a rear or side yard. Outdoor storage is not allowed in a front yard.
   4. Outdoor storage shall be screened with suitable materials so as to maintain fifty (50) percent or more opacity when viewed from a lot line. This performance standard applies to HVAC equipment and garbage dumpsters which is associated with new construction.
   5. The following are exempt from this Section F:
      1. Merchandise being displayed for sale in accordance with zoning district requirements.
      2. Temporary storage (i.e. 90 days or less) of materials and equipment currently being used for landscaping or construction on the premises.

# 6.09 LAWN AND WEED CONTROL

1. Definitions.
   1. "Control" means to destroy the aboveground growth of noxious weeds by a lawful method that prevents the maturation and spread of noxious weed propagating parts from one area to another. (Minnesota Statutes Chapter 18.77, Subdivision 3)
   2. "Eradicate" means to destroy the aboveground growth and the roots of noxious weeds by a lawful method that prevents the maturation and spread of noxious weed propagating parts from one area to another. (Minnesota Statutes Chapter 18.77, Subdivision 4)
   3. "Excessive Growth" means the growth of weeds or nonagricultural grass measured 12 inches or more in height.
   4. "Nonagricultural Grass" means grasses that are not used or intended to be an agricultural commodity.
   5. "Noxious Weed" means an annual, biennial, or perennial plant that the commissioner designates to be injurious to public health, the environment, public roads, crops, livestock, or other property. (Minnesota Statutes Chapter 18.77, Subdivision 8)
   6. "Weed" means any unwanted or unsightly plant that hinders the growth of cultivated plants.

1. Lawns and landscaped areas are to be cut or trimmed so that grass areas do not exceed 6 inches in height. Noxious weeds are to be controlled by physical removal or chemical treatment. Volunteer trees or bushes are to be removed or properly trimmed. Planted trees and bushes are to be properly trimmed so as to create a neat appearance, and to avoid overlapping boundary lines. Leaves, cut branches and logs are to be stored and handled in the same manner as other refuse, except that cut timber used for fireplaces may be kept and stored for use in an enclosed container or structure, or fenced off from public view.

1. Public Nuisance. Any Noxious Weed or excessive growth of weeds and nonagricultural grasses measuring 12 inches or more in height is hereby declared to be a public nuisance affecting public health, safety, and welfare in the City of Arlington.

1. Enforcement. When any condition exists on any parcel of land, both public and private within the City of Arlington, as described in this Section 6.09, City staff will serve a notice to the owner, and/or responsible party of said parcel, ordering them to cut and remove said weeds or grasses on the parcel within fourteen (14) business days upon service of the notice. Noxious weeds must be controlled or eradicated within fourteen (14) business days upon service of notice.

# 6.10 ABATEMENT PROCEDURES

1. Abatement Procedures: In the event that a nuisance is found to exist within city limits in violation of this ordinance, the following abatement procedures will be used:

* 1. Notice: City staff shall serve a written notice on the owner and/or responsible party of the property in violation, using a notice form approved by the City Council, stating the specific manner in which the ordinance has been violated, and explaining that the nuisance must be abated within (14) business days after the receipt of said notice. The notice may be served by personal service on the owner and/or responsible party, or by mail. If the notice is served by mail, the (14) business days’ notice term shall begin to run from the date the notice was mailed.

* 1. If the property owner and/or responsible party does not abate the nuisance within the 14 business day notice term, the City shall do the following:
     1. The City may issue an administrative citation and the property owner and/or responsible party will have 14 business days to pay the fee and abate the nuisance. In the alternative, if the property owner and/or responsible party believes there is no nuisance on their property, they can file a written appeal to the City Zoning Administrator as Hearing Officer, within the 14 business day abatement term. If appealed, the City Zoning Administrator shall issue a written decision within 5 business days to either dismiss, modify, or uphold the administrative citation.
     2. If the property owner and/or responsible party does not satisfy an administrative citation and abatement, the Police Department may issue a criminal nuisance citation, which can result in a court hearing being scheduled. The court has the power to issue a fine and an abatement order. If the court order is not complied with in the time period ordered by the court, the court has the power to impose a jail term.
     3. If this matter goes to court, the City may request the court to allow the City to abate the nuisance by the use of city staff or hired contractors, and charge the cost of such abatement, plus an additional 25 percent added to such cost for the city administration costs, to the appropriate owner and/or responsible party. If the owner and/or responsible party fails to pay the City cost of abatement, the City may assess such charges against the property benefitted as a special assessment, under Minnesota law, for certification to the County Auditor for collection together with current taxes payable in the year following the violation

1. Emergency Abatement Procedure. When a nuisance is found to exist which constitutes an immediate danger or hazard if not immediately abated, and there does not exist sufficient time to follow the standard abatement procedures as set out in this ordinance, the City may abate the nuisance as follows:

* 1. The City shall order emergency abatement by an Order signed by either the Mayor, City Administrator, Chief of Police, Fire Chief or County Health Officer.

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* 1. Following the emergency abatement action, a notice shall be served by personal service or by mail on the owner and/or responsible party connected with the property describing the nuisance, the action taken by the City, the reason emergency abatement was needed, and the costs incurred in abating the nuisance, which said costs shall be charged to the appropriate owner and/or responsible party as set out elsewhere in this ordinance. The notice shall also state that the owner and/or responsible party shall have the right to appeal the emergency action abatement charge to the City Council, within 30 days after receiving the notice of said abatement. The City Council shall have the authority to waive the emergency abatement charge if the council, in its sole discretion, deems such waiver reasonable.

# 6.11 REPEAT NUISANCE CALLS SERVICE FEE

1. Purpose: The purpose of this section is to protect the public safety, health and welfare and to prevent and abate repeat service response calls by the City to the same property or location for nuisance service calls, as defined herein, which prevent police or public safety services to other residents of the City. It is the intent of the City by the adoption of this Section to impose and collect service call fees from the owner or responsible party, or both, of property to which the City officials must repeatedly respond for any repeat nuisance event or activity that generates extraordinary costs to the City. The repeat nuisance service call fee is intended to cover the cost over and above the cost of providing normal law or code enforcement services and police protection City wide.

1. Scope and Application: This Section shall apply to all owners and responsible party of private property, which is the subject or location of the repeat nuisance service call by the City. This Section shall apply to any repeat nuisance service calls as set forth herein made by an Arlington police officer.

1. Definition of Nuisance Call or Similar Conduct:

* 1. Any activity, conduct, or condition deemed as a public nuisance under any provision of City Ordinances.

* 1. Any conduct, activity or condition constituting a violation of Minnesota state laws prohibiting or regulating prostitution, gambling, controlled substances, use of firearms; and

* 1. Any conduct, activity, or condition constituting disorderly conduct under Chapter 609 of Minnesota Statutes.

1. Repeat Nuisance Service Call Fee: The City may impose a repeat nuisance service call fee, said fee amount to be set from time to time by resolution of the City Council, upon the owner and/or responsible party of private property if the City has rendered services or responded to the property on three or more occasions within a period of 365 days in response to or for the abatement of nuisance conduct, activity or condition of the same or similar kind. The repeat nuisance service call fee under this Section shall be an amount as set forth and duly adopted by City Council resolution. All repeat nuisance service call fees imposed and charged against the owner or responsible party under this Section shall be deemed delinquent 30 days after the City's mailing a billing statement, therefore. Delinquent payments are subject to ten percent late penalty of the amount due.

1. Notice: No repeat nuisance service call fee may be imposed against an owner or responsible party of property without first providing the owner or responsible party with written notice of the prior nuisance service calls prior to the latest nuisance service call rendered by the City upon which the fee is imposed.

The written notice shall:

* 1. State the nuisance conduct, activity or condition that is or has occurred or is maintained or permitted on the property, the dates of the nuisance conduct, activity or condition.
  2. State that the owner or responsible party may be subject to a repeat nuisance call service fee if a third or more nuisance service call is rendered to the property for the same nuisance, in addition to the City's right to seek other legal remedies or actions for the abatement of the nuisance or compliance with the law, and

* 1. Be serviced personally or by U.S. Mail upon the owner or responsible party at the last known address.

1. Right to Appeal Repeat Nuisance Service Call Fee:

* 1. Upon the imposition of a repeat nuisance service call fee, the City shall inform the owner or responsible party of his/her right to a hearing on the alleged repeat nuisance service calls. The owner or responsible party upon whom the fee is imposed may request a hearing by service upon the City Administrator at City Hall within 10 business days of the mailing of the fee invoice, inclusive of the day the invoice is mailed, a written request for hearing. The hearing committee shall schedule the hearing within 14 days of the date of the owner's or responsible party's request for hearing.

* 1. The hearing shall be conducted in an informal manner and the Minnesota Rules of Civil Procedure and Rules of Evidence shall apply. The hearing shall be taped but need not be transcribed at the sole expense of the party who requests the transcription. After considering all evidence submitted, the hearing committee shall make written findings of fact and conclusions on the issue of whether the City responded to or rendered services for repeat nuisance service calls of the same or similar kind on three or more occasions within a 365-day period. The findings and conclusions shall be serviced upon the owner or responsible party by U.S. Mail within five days of the conclusion of the hearing.

* 1. An owner or responsible party's right to a hearing shall be deemed waived if the owner or responsible party fails to serve written request for hearing as required herein or fails to appear at the scheduled hearing date. Upon waiver of the right to hearing, or upon the hearing officer's written findings of fact and conclusions that the repeat nuisance call service fee is warranted hereunder, the owner or responsible party shall pay the fee imposed and shall be deemed delinquent 30 days after the failure to appear at the appeal hearing or after the hearing committee's written findings of fact and conclusion.

* 1. Legal Remedies Nonexclusive: Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the City's other available legal remedies for any violation of the law which may constitute a nuisance service call hereunder, including criminal, civil, injunctive or others.